# INGREDIENTS TO AVOID IN SKINCARE AND MAKE UP

APPLYING A 'CLEAN SCIENCE ®' PHILOSOPHY, SYNERGIE DOES NOT FORMULATE WITH THE FOLLOWING TOXIC INGREDIENTS.

# PROPYLENE GLYCOL Uses in skin products:

- Emollient (provides 'slip')
- Solvent
- Viscosity decreaser
- Penetration enhancer

#### Possible side effects:

- Eye/skin irritant
- Rapid skin penetration, which may cause brain, liver, kidney abnormalities (EPA requires workers to use protective clothing)

# **PEG** (POLYETHYLENE GLYCOL)

### Uses in skin products:

- Skin lubricant
- Penetration enhancer
- Emulsifier in many skin products

### Possible side effects:

- Produces carcinogens
- Irritation to damaged skin
- Increases penetration of undesirable ingredients
- Possible irritation from impurities

# ISOPROPYL ALCOHOL (PETROLEUM DERIVED)

# Uses in skin products:

- Solvent
- Skin dehydrator

### Possible side effects:

- Skin dryness/irritation
- Penetration enhancer of undesirable ingredients
- Toxic vapours if excess inhaled
- Fatal if 30ml or more ingested
- Headaches
- Nausea

### MEA, DEA, TEA

(MONOETHANOLAMINE / DIETHANOLAMINE / TRIETHANOLAMINE)

## Uses in skin products:

- pH controller
- Foam enhancer

#### Possible side effects:

- Possibly carcinogenic
- Skin irritant

# MINERAL OIL / PETROLATUM

(E.G. BABY OIL)

#### Uses in skin products:

- Gives the 'illusion' of moisturising due to oily nature but sits on surface only
- Petroleum-derived occlusive

### Possible side effects:

- · Pore clogging
- Irritation and allergy due to possible contaminants from petroleum refining
- May impair natural skin processes ('cling wrap' effect) and prevent nutrient absorption/toxin release

# SYNTHETIC COLOR (LOOK FOR D&C OR

FD&C DYES)

# Uses in skin products:

Appearance only – no functional benefit

## Possible side effects:

- May form carcinogens in the body (e.g. FD&C Red 40 linked to breast cancer)
- Allergy
- Skin irritation
- Can penetrate skin and carry impurities, due to particle size

# SYNTHETIC FRAGRANCE

(LOOK FOR 'FRAGRANCE 1 /-NUMBER' OR 'PARFUM 1 /- NUMBER')

### Uses in skin products:

- No functional skin benefit
- It may take a mixture of > 200 artificial chemicals to achieve a pleasant fragrance

#### Possible side effects:

- Forms carcinogens in the body
- Allergy and irritation
- Photosensitivity
- Nausea
- Headaches (also due to inhaled vapor)

# PARABENS AND OTHER ARTIFICIAL PRESERVATIVES Examples:

- Parabens (methyl, ethyl and propyl)
- MDM Hydantoin (formaldehyde)
- Urea (Imidazolidinyl Urea or Germa)
- Methyl Isothiazoline
- Methylchloroisothiazolinone

#### Uses in skin products:

 Prevents microbial contamination in skincare

#### Possible side effects:

- Respiratory irritation (asthma trigger)
- Allergy and skin irritation
- Forms carcinogens
- Artificial preservatives release 'formaldehyde donors' and form carcinogens

# SLS (SODUM LAURYL SULFATE) / SLES (SODIUM

# LAURETH SULFATE) Uses in skin products:

- Detergent (foaming agent)
- Base for cleaners, liquid soaps, shampoo, bubble bath

### Possible side effects:

- Skin and scalp rash and irritation
- Oil and moisture loss
- Eye irritation
- Forms carcinogenic nitrates
- Absorbed into bloodstream
- Greater uptake in rapidly dividing cells and young tissues (e.g. children)
- Retained in organs (brain, heart, liver, eyes)

### CHEMICAL ABSORBING SUNSCREENS

(ALSO CALLED ORGANIC SUNSCREEN)

#### **Examples:**

- Octyl Methoxycinnamate
- Oxybenzone
- Oxyberizorie
   Octylcrylene
- Avobenzone
- Octinoxate
- Octisalate
- Homosalate
- PABA

### Uses in skin products:

 UVA and UVB sun protection

# Possible side effects:

- Hormone disruptors
- Early puberty
- Estrogenic effect on tumors
- Low fertility
- May contribute to breast and prostate cancer
- Low molecular weight enables absorption into blood stream
- Accumulates in cells
- Allergy
- Photosensitivity
- Skin irritation

# PHTHALATES Examples:

- Dibutylphthalate (DBP)
- Dimethylphthalate (DMP)
- Diethylphthalate (DEP)

\*Phthalates are not mandatory to be listed on labels as part of artificial fragrance ingredients. Dibutyl phthalate is banned in the EU.

### Uses in skin products:

- Flexible film formers (hairspray)
- Solvents
- Perfume fixatives

# Possible side effects:

- Hormone disruptor
- Organ and system toxicity
- Prenatal exposure linked to decreased male fertility and ADHD